



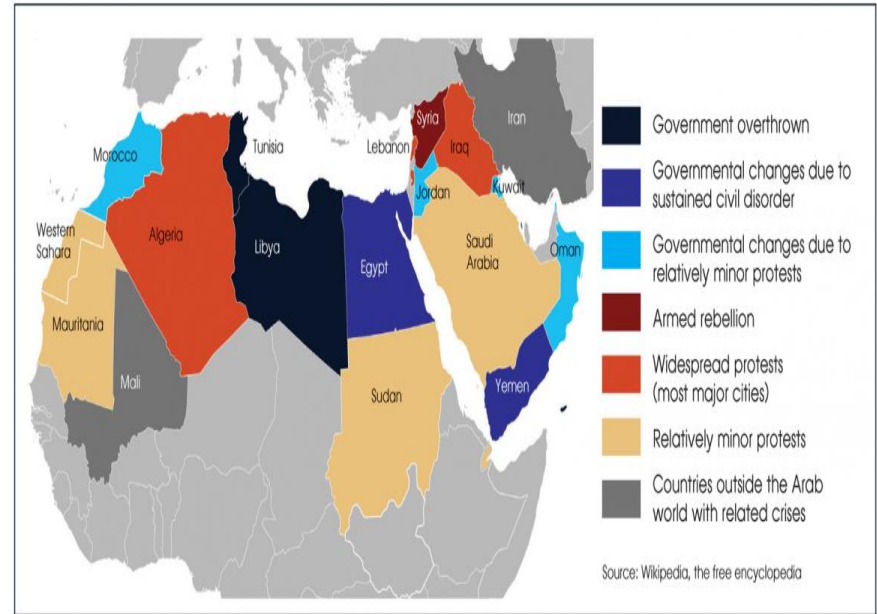
The Arab Spring: Egypt

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Introduction: Arab Spring

- **What:** Protests that have spread through the middle east which began on the 18th of December in 2010 and in spring 2011 throughout Northern Africa and Middle East in retaliation to the dictatorial regimes that had ruled their countries for years.
- Social Media has been a big part of this, making it better for organization and communication for the demonstrations.
- **Outcomes:** Has shut down governments in Tunisia, Egypt, Libya , Yemen to step down

Figure 1: Summary of Arab Spring regions



How/ When the conflicts started:

- Before the Arab Spring, Egypt was on a rocky road to democracy with unexpected policies and military rule, this had made the people angry and resulted in violent protests with the help of the Muslim Brotherhood.
- Other factors that also led to the government shutdown was poverty, inflation, social exclusion, corruption, and angered young people who were unemployed.
- The conflicts began in late 2010/early 2011.
- February 11, 2011 President Mubarak was overthrown.



Political and Social Changes:

- Prior to the Arab Spring Egypt did not have a specific curfew.
- Egypt had two revolts that in turn overthrew the Government. First Revolt overthrew Mubarak who tried to kill the demonstrators and then 2nd revolt was when the Army overthrew the newly elected president Morsi who now is in prison for murder of 10 individuals that had died outside his house.

UN involvement

- U.N Secretary Ban Ki Moon said they will support Egypt in a peaceful approach.
- Ban Ki Moon had supported the demonstrators.
- U.N had tried calling the Egyptian Government and Muslim Brotherhood to hold back and stop the violence between each other.
- The United Nations Development Program is helping Egypt with its election and writing Egypt's constitution.



U N

D P

Current Status:

- The Military has put together an interim government, which is an emergency government when a government collapses.
- Under Military Rule now until further notice
- Muslim Brotherhood does not support this Military rule and because of this there is still on going violence in response to the interim government.
- Egyptian Government has captured one of the last leaders of the Muslim Brotherhood, Mervat Hattab el-Erian.
- Still ongoing protests labor strikes, and criminal activities.
- Elections are suppose to be held in 2014 but is still unpredictable.



CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Please complete the crossword puzzle, and turn them into one of us. You may use your notes you took for the puzzle.

Citations

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